



How to Use

This library, but itself, is not a complete program. It must be linked into the object file that you will create during lab. For example, if you created the object file "`lab.o`", the following command will create a program called "`a.out`".

```
ld -o a.out csc35.o lab.o
```

Miscellaneous Subroutines

Subroutine	Input	Output	Notes
<code>ProgramEnd</code>	<code>none</code>	<code>none</code>	Terminates your program. You must call this subroutine at the end of your program.
<code>PrintRegisters</code>	<code>none</code>	<code>none</code>	Prints the contents of the register file to the screen.
<code>About</code>	<code>none</code>	<code>none</code>	Prints information about this library.

String Subroutines

Subroutine	Input	Output	Notes
<code>PrintStrZ</code>	<code>rcx</code>	<code>none</code>	Prints a null-terminated string located at the address stored in <code>rcx</code> .
<code>ScanStrZ</code>	<code>rcx, rdx</code>	<code>none</code>	Scans a null-terminated string and stores it into the address stored in <code>rcx</code> . The register <code>rdx</code> must contain the maximum number of characters that can be stored (size of the buffer).
<code>LengthStrZ</code>	<code>rcx</code>	<code>rcx</code>	Returns the length of a null-terminated string stored at address <code>rcx</code> . The result is returned in <code>rcx</code> .
<code>PrintChar</code>	<code>c1</code>	<code>none</code>	Prints the ASCII character stored in <code>c1</code> .
<code>ScanChar</code>	<code>none</code>	<code>c1</code>	Scans an ASCII character from the keyboard and stores the result in <code>c1</code> .

Integer Subroutines

Subroutine	Input	Output	Notes
PrintInt64	rcx	<i>none</i>	Prints a signed integer stored in rcx in decimal
ScanInt64	<i>none</i>	rcx	Scans a signed integer (in decimal) and stores it in rcx .
PrintHex64	rcx	<i>none</i>	Prints the integer, stored in rcx , to the screen in hex.
PrintHexByte	cl	<i>none</i>	Prints the byte, stored in cl , to the screen in hex.
GetRandom	rcx	rcx	Returns a random integer from 0 to (rcx - 1) into rcx .

VT100 Subroutines

When you connect to another computer, often the Telnet software emulates a VT100 terminal screen.

Subroutine	Input	Output	Notes
ClearScreen	<i>none</i>	<i>none</i>	Clears the screen and moves the cursor to the top-left corner.
MoveCursor	rcx , rdx	<i>none</i>	Moves the cursor to column rcx and row rdx . Indexing starts at 1 in the top-left corner.
SetTextColor	rcx	<i>none</i>	Sets the text to the color specified in rcx . Please see the table below.
SetBackColor	rcx	<i>none</i>	Sets the background to the color specified in rcx . Please see the table below.

VT100 Color Codes

Code	Color
0	Clack
1	Red
2	Green
3	Yellow

Code	Color
4	Clue
5	Magenta
6	Cyan
7	White